## **Department of Veterans Affairs**

may inspect and copy records related to the debt.

(Authority: 5 U.S.C. 5514)

## § 1.990 Written agreement to repay debt as alternative to salary offset.

(a) Notification by employee. The employee may propose, in response to a notice under §1.983, a written agreement to repay the debt as an alternative to salary offset. Any employee who wishes to do this must submit a proposed written agreement to repay the debt which is received by the office which sent the notice of the debt within 20 calendar days of the date of the notice.

(b) VA response. In response to timely notice by the debtor as described in paragraph (a) of this section, VA will notify the employee whether the employee's proposed written agreement for repayment is acceptable. It is within VA's discretion to accept a repayment agreement instead of proceeding by offset. In making this determination, VA will balance its interest in collecting the debt against the hardship to the employee. VA will accept a repayment agreement instead of offset only if the employee is able to establish that offset would result in extreme hardship.

(Authority: 5 U.S.C. 5514)

## §1.991 Procedures for salary offset: when deductions may begin.

(a) Deductions to liquidate an employee's debt will be by the method and in the amount stated in the notice to collect from the employee's current pay as modified by a written decision issued under §§1.982, 19.1 through 19.200 or §1.988 or by written agreement between the employee and the VA under §1.990.

(b) If the employee filed a request for a hearing as provided by \$1.984 before the expiration of the period provided for in that section, deductions will not begin until after the hearing official or administrative law judge has provided the employee with a hearing, and has rendered a final written decision.

(c) If the employee failed to file a timely request for a hearing, deductions will begin on the date specified in

the notice of intention to offset, unless a hearing is granted pursuant to §1.984(b).

(d) If an employee retires or resigns or his or her employment ends before collection of the amount of the indebtedness is completed, the remaining indebtedness will be collected according to procedures for administrative offset (see 4 CFR 101.1 through 105.5 and 5 CFR 831.1801 through 831.1807).

(Authority: 5 U.S.C. 5514)

## §1.992 Procedures for salary offset.

(a) Types of collection. A debt will be collected in a lump-sum or in installments. Collection will be in a lump-sum unless the employee is financially unable to pay in one lump-sum, or if the amount of the debt exceeds 15 percent of the employee's disposable pay. In these cases, deduction will be by installments

(b) Installment deductions. (1) A debt to be collected in installments will be deducted at officially established pay intervals from an employee's current pay account unless the employee and the Secretary agree to alternative arrangements for repayment. The alternative arrangement must be in writing and signed by both the employee and Secretary or designee.

(2) Installment deductions will be made over a period not greater than the anticipated period of employment. The size and frequency of installment deductions will bear a reasonable relation to the size of the debt and the employee's ability to pay. However, the amount deducted for any period will not exceed 15 percent of the disposable pay from which the deduction is made, unless the employee has agreed in writing to the deduction of a greater amount. If possible, the installment payment will be sufficient in size and frequency to liquidate the debt in three years. Installment payments of less than \$25 per pay period or \$50 a month will be acceptable only in the most unusual circumstances.

(c) Imposition of interests, penalties, and administrative costs. Interest, penalties, and administrative costs will be